

Mina S. Sedrak, MD

City of Hope National Medical Center



Rationale

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Rationale

This study addresses a key research priority of the Cancer and Aging Research Group, National Cancer Institute, National Institute on Aging, and the Institute of Medicine: the assessment of cancer therapy in older adults.[1,2] Palbociclib is a novel drug with the potential to change the treatment of metastatic breast cancer- a disease of aging. The combination of palbociclib and endocrine therapy (letrozole or fulvestrant) is associated with an improvement in progression-free survival (PFS) compared to endocrine therapy alone.[3,4] However, a small proportion of patients enrolled in these studies were age 75 and older. The pivotal trial of palbociclib reported in the package insert notes that only 37 patients (44%) were ≥65 years of age and 8 patients (10%) were ≥75 years of age.

The goal of this study is to fill this gap in knowledge by utilizing a phase II design to examine the tolerability of palbociclib and endocrine therapy among older adults age 70 and older with estrogen receptor positive, HER2 negative breast tumors. A comprehensive cancer-specific geriatric assessment which includes an evaluation of functional status, other medical conditions, cognitive function, nutritional status, social support, psychological state, and a review of medications will be included, as well as an assessment of adherence.



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Objective

Primary

 To estimate the safety and tolerability (adverse event rate) of the combination of palbociclib and letrozole or fulvestrant in adults age 70 or older with ER-positive, HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer.

Secondary

- To describe the full toxicity profile including all grade ≥ 2 adverse events (per CTCAE version [v.] 5.0)
- To describe rates of dose reductions, dose holds, and hospitalizations.
- To estimate median time to treatment failure, including PFS and OS.
- To estimate the rate of adherence to palbociclib, letrozole and fulvestrant.

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Study Schema

1 cycle = 28 days

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TREATMENT

Palbociclib

125 mg a day (Once daily orally on days 1-21 of each 28 day cycle)

and

Letrozole or Fulvestrant

(Per treating investigator discretion)

Dosing per packet insert in each 28 day cycle

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Continue protocol treatment until unacceptable toxicity, disease progression, or patient withdrawal



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Treatment Plan

Palbociclib plus Letrozole Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5+ 1 capsule every day 1 capsule 1 capsule 1 capsule Palbociclib No capsule for 21 days, then 7 every day every day every day days no capsules 1 pill every day for 1 pill every day 1 pill every day 1 pill every day 1 pill every day Letrozole 28 days

Palbociclib plus Fulvestrant					
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5+
Palbociclib	1 capsule every day	1 capsule every day	1 capsule every day	No capsule	1 capsule every day for 21 days, then 7 days no capsules
Fulvestrant	Injection on Day 1	No injection	Injection on Day 15	No injection	Injection on Day 1 of every 28-day cycle

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Key Eligibility Criteria

- ER-positive, HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer. Histologic confirmation is required.
- · Measurable disease or non-measurable disease
- Planning to begin endocrine therapy for metastatic disease. One prior line of endocrine therapy or chemotherapy for metastatic disease is allowed.
- No prior therapy with a CDK inhibitor
- Resolution of all acute toxic effects of prior therapy or surgical procedures to CTCAE Grade ≤ 1 (except alopecia)
- No untreated brain metastases. Patients with treated brain metastases must have completed treatment with steroids.
- No second malignancies other than non-melanoma skin cancers or cervical carcinoma in situ
- · No active infection requiring treatment with antibiotics
- Must be able to swallow and retain oral medication
- Patient Age: ≥ 70 years
- Patients must be able to read and comprehend English or Spanish.
- Chronic concomitant treatment with strong inhibitors or inducers of CYP3A is strongly discouraged on this study.



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